

Post-Test

Pos 1. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration is responsible for

- a. Improving worker health and safety protection
- b. Developing job performance standards
- c. Enforcing worker compensation
- d. All of the above

Pos 2. OSHA is not responsible for

- a. Developing job safety standards
- b. Developing job health standards
- c. Providing skill training
- d. Inspecting employer worksites

Pos 3. OSHA enforces occupational safety standards by

- a. Inspecting worksites
- b. Responding to worker complaints about unsafe working conditions
- c. Surveillance and inspection of employers with a history of violations
- d. All of the above

Pos 4. OSHA provides covered workers with a right to

- a. Review current injury logs
- b. Receive apprenticeship training
- c. Standard/regular work hours
- d. Holiday/vacation/personal time off

Pos 5. The OSH Act requires

- a. Employer workplaces be inspected annually
- b. Employers be notified in advance of inspections
- c. Employers allow OSHA inspectors into the workplace
- d. Employers not participate in inspections to avoid bias

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Pos 6. OSHA inspections

- a. Are conducted without advance notice
- b. Are limited to high risk jobs/occupations
- c. Cannot be conducted more than once each year
- d. Cannot be conducted on the spur-of-a-moment

Pos 7. Employers are required to

- a. Report only workplace related fatalities
- b. Post annual summary of injury and illness
- c. Report only serious injuries or illnesses
- d. Provide each employee with a medical exam

Pos 8. Fall protection does not include

- a. Guardrails
- b. Safety nets
- c. System lockout
- d. Personal arrest systems e.g. body harness and lanyard

Pos 9. Construction fall protection rules apply when the fall distance is 6 feet (or more) on

- a. Roofs
- b. Steel work
- c. Scaffolds
- d. Ladders

Pos 10. Factors that may contribute to a fall injury or fatality

- a. No or little training for risk factors
- b. Improper use of safety equipment
- c. Horse play on the job
- d. All of the above

Pos 11. Important in ladder safety is

- a. Maintaining three points of contact
- b. Having the ladder extend 3 feet beyond the landing
- c. Ladder training
- d. All of the above

Pos 12. Scaffolds and platforms require

- a. Daily inspection by a competent person
- b. Personal fall arrest systems if over 10 feet
- c. Guardrail systems
- d. All of the above

Pos 13. Use of bucket and aerial lifts requires

- a. The height be no more than 30 feet
- b. Outriggers are used
- c. Two workers be always present
- d. All of the above

Pos 14. Fall protection in residential construction is not required when

- a. The employee is working alone
- b. The employee is working on a flat roof with a 40 inch parapet
- c. The employee is working 8 foot scaffold
- d. The employee is experienced e.g. a craftsman

Pos 15. Fatalities

- a. Must be reported as soon as practical
- b. Must be reported within 8 hours
- c. Must be reported within 24 hours
- d. Must be reported by the end of the work week